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2019 Drug and Alcohol Abuse and Prevention Program



2019 Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention Program

DRUG AND ALCOHOL POLICY

Taylor College is committed to freedom from illegal drugs, abuse of legal drugs, alcohol use on School property, as well as alcohol and drug use outside the School which adversely affects learning and student performance. In its efforts to safeguard the workplace, school property, and students from the effects of drug abuse, Taylor College strives to respect the privacy of students and employees while helping those who have problems. Studies have shown that use of illegal drugs and abuse of alcohol increases the potential for accidents, absenteeism, tardiness, unsatisfactory performance, poor moral and damage.

Taylor College has developed a program to prevent the illicit use of drugs and the abuse of alcohol by students and employees. The program provides services related to drug use and abuse including dissemination of informational materials, educational presentations, counseling services, referrals, and school disciplinary actions.

ASSISTANCE FOR ABUSE PROBLEMS

The President provides an overall coordination of the Drug-Free School Program. Taylor College is here to assist students by providing information about services and treatment facilities available in the community.

DRUGFREE WORKPLACE POLICY

Taylor College strongly supports the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988. Taylor College prohibits the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance, as listed in Schedules I through IV of Section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812), on the properties of Taylor College. Violations of such prohibitions on School premises, or off-campus while conducting School-related business can result in disciplinary action up to and including termination or expulsion. Although Taylor College does not act as an arm of the law, members of the campus community have no immunity from enforcement of the law. Taylor College does not and cannot deny access to its property to law enforcement agents seeking to uphold federal and Florida drug laws. The disciplinary policy of the School permits taking action beyond or separate from any which may be taken by civil authorities.

Distribution and use of prohibited drugs may threaten the physical and mental health of the user, as well as the welfare of other students and the academic community. Taylor College encourages any individual facing a drug or alcohol problem to seek prompt treatment. Counseling and referrals are available for members of the campus community.

Taylor College does not permit the students or staff to be under the influence or use illegal drugs or alcohol in the facilities or on the property. Any infraction of this policy as stated in the Drug and Alcohol-Free Workplace Policy may result in immediate dismissal from the School. Those individuals seeking drug or alcohol counseling may contact the Director of Compliance, Program Director or the agencies listed below:

Christian Alcohol and Drug Rehab Help

11100 SW 93rd Court Rd. Suite 10-126
Ocala, FL 34481
(352) 729-3571

The Centers - Marion County

5664 SW 60th Avenue
Ocala, FL 34474
(352) 291-5555

The Centers - Citrus County
3238 South Lecanto Highway
Lecanto, FL 34461
(352) 628-5020

The Vines Hospital
3130 SW 27th Avenue
Ocala, FL 34471
(866) 671-3130 (352) 671-3130

Phoenix House
15681 North Highway 301
Citra, FL 32113
(352) 595-5000

Comprehensive Additions Treatment Services Inc.
730 SE Osceola Avenue
Ocala, FL
(352) 732-2287

Watershed Rehab Center
5200 NW 43rd Street Suite 102 #424
Gainesville, FL
(561) 860-8049

The Recovery Village
633 Umatilla Blvd.
633 Umatilla, FL 32784
(352) 771-2700

The above agencies are not affiliated with Taylor College and were found from an internet search. For more agencies in Marion County, Florida, go to:

<http://www.addicted.org/directory/category/marion-county-3.html>

Education and Prevention Programs

Get Inclusive On-Line Education

Get Inclusive is an on-line education program that provides “seat licenses” that are sufficient to educate all students and employees. Programs for both populations are offered through Get Inclusive.

Sexual Misconduct Policy, Sexual Assault, Sexual Harassment, Sexual Exploitation, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, and Stalking are all forms of prohibited conduct. Taylor College is committed to offering educational programs to promote awareness and prevention of prohibited conduct. Educational programs include an overview of Taylor College’s policies and procedures; relevant definitions, including prohibited conduct; discussion of the impact of alcohol and illegal drug use; consent; safe and positive options for bystander intervention; review of resources and reporting options available for students, faculty, and staff; and information about risk reduction.

Incoming students and new employees will receive primary prevention and awareness programming as part of their orientation. The Title IX Coordinator maintains an education and prevention calendar and tailors programming to campus needs and climate.

HEALTH RISKS

All drugs, including alcohol, can cause marked changes in behavior and have side effects. Their influences can affect the safety and well-being of the users as well as those around them.

Alcohol is a central nervous system depressant that is absorbed into the blood stream and transmitted to all parts of the body. Even low doses significantly impair the judgment and coordination required to drive a car safely, increasing the likelihood that a driver will be involved in an accident. Low to moderate doses reduce physical coordination and mental alertness, while increasing the incidence of aggressive behavior. Moderate to high doses

of alcohol drastically impair an individual's ability to function, sometimes rendering them unconscious. Long-term drinking of large quantities of alcohol can increase the risk of developing liver and heart disease, circulatory and stomach problems, various forms of cancer, and may cause irreversible brain damage.

Illicit drugs can interfere with important brain activities, including coordination, memory, and learning. They increase the risk of lung cancer, destroy liver cells, initiate severe weight loss, and may weaken the immune system. Users may also experience abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, rapid heartbeat, and irregular breathing. Convulsions, coma, and death are also possible. Combining drugs can be fatal.

See Controlled Substances - Uses and Effects Appendix I for more information.

FINANCIAL AID IMPLICATIONS OF DRUG OFFENSES

Effective July 1, 2000, a conviction in a state or federal court for a drug-related offense may result in a student losing eligibility for federal financial aid. If you, the student, are convicted of a drug-related offense after you submit your FAFSA, you might lose eligibility for federal student aid, and you, the student, might be liable for returning any financial aid you received during a period of ineligibility. The period of ineligibility is dependent upon the type of conviction (sale or possession) and if there were previous offenses. If the student was convicted of both selling and possessing illegal drugs, they will be ineligible for the longer period.

TAYLOR COLLEGE DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS REGARDING VIOLATIONS OF THE ALCOHOL AND DRUGS POLICY

The School will impose disciplinary sanctions on faculty, staff, and students (consistent with local, state, and federal laws described below) for violations of the Drug and Alcohol Policy. Violations of the Drug and Alcohol Policy will be referred to the President for review, adjudication, and referral when appropriate. Disciplinary action, including but not limited to, warnings, fines, probation, suspension, expulsion or referral for prosecution may result from violations of the Alcohol and Drugs Policy. Violations will be adjudicated using the process outlined below in the Taylor College Honor Pledge and Policies.

Violations of Taylor College's Alcohol and Drugs Policy is a violation of the school's Honor Code.

All alleged Honor Code violations are reviewed and adjudicated in accordance with the procedures described in the Academic Catalog (except for alleged violations of the school's sexual misconduct policies and procedures, which are investigated and adjudicated in accordance with the process detailed in that separate school policy).

The Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act

In 1989, the federal government adopted the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act. As a condition of receiving federal grants, the School must certify that it is in compliance with this law. This means that underage drinking is not only a violation of state law, but also a violation of School policy and will be sanctioned under the School's student conduct system.

Policy on Alcoholic Beverages

Florida Statutes, Section 112.0455 (the Drug-Free Workplace Act); Florida Statutes, Section 440.102; Florida Administrative Code 59A-24 (the Drug-Free Workplace Standards) governs all matters relating to alcohol. As a member of the School community, students, faculty, and staff are required to observe Florida law.

No person under the age of 21 is permitted to purchase, consume, transport, or possess alcoholic beverages. Alcoholic beverages will be confiscated from students who are under 21 years of age. Failure to comply will result in further disciplinary action. Students, faculty and staff must abide by the terms of the policy. Furthermore, the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1998 requires any employee to notify the President of any conviction under a criminal drug statute for violations occurring on or off campus premises while conducting School business. A report of the conviction must be made within five days following the conviction. Persons age 21 and over violate Florida Statutes, Section 562.11, when they furnish alcohol to a minor. A first-time offense could yield a second degree [misdemeanor](#) charge. This could mean **up to 60 days in jail** and perhaps **\$500 in fines**. Then it is also possible for someone to face penalties from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles as well. Someone convicted of giving alcohol to a minor could face **driver's license suspension or revocation**.

Policy on Illegal Drugs

Taylor College strictly adheres to the federal and state laws that prohibit the distribution, sale, or use of controlled substances. Students illegally possessing, distributing, or using any controlled substance or paraphernalia will be subject to immediate disciplinary action and including dismissal from the college. Please note: the odor of marijuana is also grounds for disciplinary action. Information on disciplinary actions can be found in the student catalog at: <https://www.taylorcollege.edu/current-students/student-resources/>

LAWS GOVERNING ALCOHOL AND DRUGS

Notice of Federal Student Aid (FSA) Penalties for Drug Law Violations:

The Higher Education Opportunity Act requires institutions to provide to every student upon enrollment a separate, clear and conspicuous written notice with information on the penalties associated with drug-related offenses under existing section 484(r) of the HEA. It also requires an institution to provide a timely notice to each student who has lost eligibility for any grant, loan, or work-study assistance as a result of penalties under 484(r)(1) of the HEA a separate clear, and conspicuous written notice that notifies the student of the loss of eligibility and advises the student of the ways in which to regain eligibility under section 484(r)(2) of the HEA. Students are hereby notified that federal guidelines mandate that a federal or state drug conviction can disqualify a student for Federal Student Aid funds. Convictions only count if they were for an offense that occurred during a period of enrollment for which the student was receiving Title IV aid—they do not count if the offense was not during such a period. Also, a conviction that was reversed, set aside, or removed from the student's record does not count, nor does one received when he/she was a juvenile, unless the student was tried as an adult.

The Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended (HEA) suspends aid eligibility for students who have been convicted under federal or state law of the sale or possession of drugs, if the offense occurred during a period of enrollment for which the student was receiving federal student aid (grants, loans, and/or work-study). If you have a conviction(s) for these offenses, call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4-FED-AID (1- 800-433-3243) to complete the "Student Aid Eligibility Worksheet" to find out how this law applies to you.

If you have lost federal student aid eligibility due to a drug conviction, you can regain eligibility if you pass two unannounced drug tests conducted by a drug rehabilitation program that complies with criteria established by the U.S. Department of Education.

By completing the FAFSA, you may be eligible for nonfederal aid from states and private institutions even if ineligible for Federal Aid. If you regain eligibility during the award year, notify your financial aid administrator immediately. If you are convicted of a drug-related offense after you submit the FAFSA, you might lose eligibility for federal student aid, and you may be liable for returning any financial aid you received during a period of ineligibility.

Florida and Federal Laws

All members of the Taylor College community must adhere to all applicable local, state, and federal laws related to the sale and use of alcoholic beverages and other drugs and controlled substances.

Drugs Both federal and state laws impose sanctions for the possession, use, and distribution of illegal drugs. The sanctions for any given offense depend on the type and quantity of the drug involved and whether the offense is possession, use, or distribution.

Under federal law, simple possession of a controlled substance carries a penalty of imprisonment for up to one (1) year, plus a minimum fine of \$1,000. If the controlled substance contains a cocaine base and the amount exceeds five (5) grams, the first-time offender will be imprisoned for not less than five (5) years and not more than twenty (20) years and fined. Also under federal law, any person 18 or more years old who distributes drugs to anyone under age 21 will be imprisoned or fined, or both, up to twice what is otherwise provided by law, with a minimum prison sentence of one (1) year. This same penalty applies to any person who distributes or possesses with intent to distribute drugs to anyone within 1,000 feet of a college campus. Florida law imposes similarly strict sanctions on the unlawful use, possession, and distribution of drugs. In addition to imposing fines and imprisonment for violation of its drug laws, Florida will seize all of the violator's property that was used in committing the crime.

Federal law provides criminal and civil penalties for unlawful possession or distribution of drugs and alcohol. Details related to federal trafficking penalties for controlled substance violations are available from the Drug Enforcement Administration. A summary of Federal trafficking penalties is published on the last page of this policy. Among incarceration and/or fines, there are federal laws allowing the forfeiture of property used in possession or to facilitate possession of a controlled substance. This could include homes, vehicles, boats, aircrafts and any other personal or real property. Fines could range in the millions of dollars. One becomes ineligible to have firearms. One may also become ineligible to receive federal benefits such as student loans and grants.

Selected Laws Pertaining to Alcoholic Beverages

Fl. Statute 562.11 – Selling, giving, or serving alcoholic beverages to persons under age 21; misrepresenting or misstating age or age of another to induce licensee to serve alcoholic beverages to person under 21; penalties. It is unlawful for any person to sell, give, serve, or permit to be served alcoholic beverages to a person under 21 years of age or to permit a person under 21 years of age to consume said beverages on the licensed premises.

It is unlawful for any person to misrepresent or mistake his or her age or the age of any other person for the purpose of inducing any licensee or his agents or employees to sell, give, serve, or deliver any alcoholic beverage to a person under 21 years of age or for any person under 21 years of age to purchase or attempt to purchase alcoholic beverages.

Anyone convicted of violating either of the above provisions is guilty of a second-degree misdemeanor. If a driver's license or an identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles is used in violation of these provisions, additional penalties may be imposed, including suspension or revocation of the driver's license.

Fl. Statute 562.111 – Possession of alcoholic beverages by persons under age 21 prohibited.

It is unlawful for any person under the age of 21 years...to have in his or her possession alcoholic beverages. Convicted violators of this statute are guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree. Suspension or revocation of a driver's license may also be imposed.

Fl. Statute 768.125 – Liability for injury or damage resulting from intoxication.

A person who sells or furnishes alcoholic beverages to a person of lawful drinking age shall not thereby become liable for injury or damage caused by or resulting from the intoxication of such person, except that a person who willfully and unlawfully sells or furnishes alcoholic beverages to a person who is not of lawful drinking age or knowingly serves a person habitually addicted to the use of any or all alcoholic beverages may become liable for injury or damage caused by or resulting from the intoxication of such minor or person.

Fl. Statute 856.011 – Disorderly Intoxication.

No person in the state shall be intoxicated and endanger the safety of another person or property, and no person in the state shall be intoxicated or drink any alcoholic beverage in a public place or in or upon any public conveyance and cause a public disturbance.

Fl. Statute 856.015 – Open House Parties

No adult [person 21 years-of-age or older] having control of any residence shall allow an open house party (defined as "a social gathering at a residence") if any alcoholic beverage or drug is possessed or consumed at said residence by any minor (person under 21 years of age) where the person knows that an alcoholic beverage or drug is in the possession of or being consumed by a minor at said residence and where the person fails to take reasonable steps to prevent the possession or consumption of the alcoholic beverage or drug.

Convicted violators of this statute are guilty of a second-degree misdemeanor.

Fl. Statute 316.193 – Driving Under the Influence.

A person is guilty of the offense of driving under the influence and is subject to punishment as provided in subsection (2) if such person is driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle within this state, and the person is under the influence of alcoholic beverages, any chemical substance set forth in s.877.111, or any substance controlled under Chapter 893, when affected to the extent that his normal faculties are impaired; or The person has a blood or breath alcohol level of 0.08 or higher.

Convicted violators of this statute are guilty of a second-degree misdemeanor; violation of this statute subjects a person to fines or imprisonment or both as well as restrictions on driving privileges.

Fl. Statute 316.1936 – Possession of open containers of alcoholic beverages in vehicles prohibited; penalties.

It is unlawful and punishable as provided in this section for any person to possess an open container of an alcoholic beverage while operating a vehicle in the state or while a passenger in or on a vehicle being operated in the state.

Mission Statement

The mission of Taylor College is to provide the opportunity for students to obtain the knowledge, clinical skills, and professional behaviors to be productive citizens in the community. Our College embraces partnerships with students, businesses, and the communities we serve. The mission is supported by the following objectives that define the institution’s purpose for existence:

- To serve the student by providing quality education by qualified and licensed instructors who have worked in the field of study and can bring real life experiences to the student.
- To serve employers by offering programs that will produce graduates that will provide qualified professionals to fill the employment needs of the vast and growing healthcare field.
- To serve the community by requiring students to participate in community service activities during their enrollment and foster involvement in the community after the student has graduated.
- To encourage everyone on campus to be enthusiastic about learning, planning for a successful career in healthcare, and being excited about being a part of our team.

Vision

The vision of Taylor College to be the College of choice within our servicing area.

Policy of Nondiscrimination

Taylor College encourages diversity and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, age, non-disqualifying disability, gender, sexual orientation, marital status, or veteran status. It is the established policy of Taylor College not to tolerate any form of discrimination or harassment by or against any individual or group of individuals for reasons of sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, age, disability, military status, sexual orientation, or gender identity and expression. Taylor College is fully committed to providing equal opportunities in all employment-related activities, educational programs, and other activities of the institution. Anyone who is subjected to conduct that creates a discriminatory, intimidating, or harassing environment should report the conduct.

HOW THIS PUBLICATION IS DISTRIBUTED

Taylor College can distribute this to all students, staff, and faculty in one of the following ways:

1. United States Postal Service
2. Campus Email and/or text message & Printed Distribution
3. Taylor College's Website

This publication is provided to all incoming students and new employees. The school also distributes this publication to all students and employees in conjunction with the annual distribution of the school's annual Campus Security Report and campus crime statistics.

Biennial Review

The school will review its drug and alcohol prevention program every two years on the even number year. Any recommendations, data or assistance available to substance abusers will be updated and distributed to all students and staff of Taylor College.

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES USES AND EFFECTS

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES - USES AND EFFECTS

Drugs/CSA Schedules	Trade or Other Names	Medical Uses	Dependence		Tolerance	Duration (Hours)	Usual Methods of Administration	Possible Effects	Effects of Overdose	Withdrawal Syndrome
			Physical	Psychological						
NARCOTICS Opium II, III, V	Dover's Powder, Paregoric, Parepectolin	Analgesic, antidiarrheal	High	High	Yes	3-6	Oral, smoked	Euphoria, drowsiness, respiratory depression, constricted pupils, nausea	Slow and shallow breathing, clammy skin, convulsions, coma, possible death	Watery eyes, runny nose, yawning, loss of appetite, irritability, tremors, panic, cramps, nausea, chills and sweating
Morphine II, III	Morphine, MS-Contin, Roxanol, Roxanol-SR, Pectoral Syrup	Analgesic, antitussive	High	High	Yes	3-6	Oral, smoked, injected			
Codeine II, III, V	Tylenol with codeine, Empirin with codeine, Robitussin A-C, Floralin with codeine	Analgesic, antitussive	Moderate	Moderate	Yes	3-6	Oral, injected			
Heroin I	Diacetylmorphine, Horse, Smack	Under Investigation	High	High	Yes	3-6	Injected, sniffed, smoked			
Hydromorphone II	Dilaudid	Analgesic	High	High	Yes	3-6	Oral, injected			
Meperidine (Pethidine) II	Demerol, Mepergan, Pethadol	Analgesic	High	High	Yes	3-6	Oral, injected			
Methadone II	Dolophine, Methadone, Methadose	Analgesic	High	High	Yes	12-24	Oral, injected			
Other Narcotics/ I, II, III, IV, V	Numorphan, Percodan, Percocet, Tylox, Tussionex, Fentanyl, Darvon, Lomotil, Talwin*, LAAM, Leritine, Levo- Dromoran	Analgesic, antidiarrheal, antitussive	High-Low	High-Low	Yes	Variable	Oral, injected			
DEPRESSANTS Chloral Hydrate IV	Noctec, Somnos	Hypnotic	Moderate	Moderate	Possible	5-8	Oral	Slurred speech, disorientation, drunken behavior without odor of alcohol	Shallow respiration, clammy skin, dilated pupils, weak and rapid pulse, coma, possible death	Anxiety, insomnia, tremors, delirium, convulsions, possible death
Barbiturates II, III, IV	Amytal, Butisol, Florinal, Lomaxate, Nembutal, Seconal, Tuinal, Phenobarbital, Amobarbital, Phenobarbital, Fecodarbital	Anesthetic, anticonvulsant, sedative, hypnotic, veterinary euthanasia agent	High Mod.	High Mod.	Yes	1-16	Oral			
(Continued)										

Drugs/ CSA Schedules	Trade or Other Names	Medical Uses	Dependence		Tolerance	Duration (Hours)	Usual Methods of Administration	Possible Effects	Effects of Overdose	Withdrawal Syndrome
			Physical	Psychological						
DEPRESSANTS (Continuation) Benzodiazepines/IV	Ativan, Dalmane, Diazepam, Librium, Xanax, Serax, Valium, Tranxene, Vertran, Versed, Halcion, Paxipam, Restoril, Azene, Clonopin, Tranxene	Antianxiety, anticonvulsant, sedative, hypnotic	Low	Low	Yes	4-8	Oral	Slurred speech, disorientation, drunken behavior without odor of alcohol	Shallow respiration, clammy skin, dilated pupils, weak and rapid pulse, coma, possible death	Anxiety, insomnia, tremors, delirium, convulsions, possible death
Methaqualone/I	Quaalude, Optimal, Parest, Somnofac, Sopor	Sedative, hypnotic	High	High	Yes	4-8	Oral			
Glutethimide/III	Doriden	Sedative, hypnotic	High	High	Yes	4-8	Oral			
Other Depressants/ III, IV	Equanil, Miltown, Noludar, Placidyl, Valmid	Antianxiety, sedative, hypnotic	Moderate	Moderate	Yes	4-8	Oral			
STIMULANTS Cocaine II**	Coke, Flake, Snow, Crack	Local anesthetic	Possible	High	Yes	1-2	Sniffed, smoked, injected	Increased alertness, excitation, euphoria, increased pulse rate and blood pressure, insomnia, loss of appetite	Agitation, increase in body temperature, hallucinations, convulsions, possible death	Apathy, long periods of sleep, irritability, depression, disorientation
Amphetamines/II	Biphetamine, Delcobese, Desoxyn, Dexedrine, Obetrol, Mediatric	Attention deficit disorders, narcolepsy, weight control, hyperkinesia	Possible	High	Yes	2-4	Oral, injected			
Phenmetrazine/II	Preludin	Weight control	Possible	High	Yes	2-4	Oral, injected			
Methyphenidate/II	Ritalin	Attention deficit disorders, narcolepsy	Possible	Moderate	Yes	2-4	Oral, injected			
Other Stimulants/ III, IV	Adipex, Cylart, Didrex, Iosamin, Melfiat, Plegine, Sanorex, Tenuate, Tepanil, Prelu- 2, Bacarate, Presate, Voramil	Weight control	Possible	High	Yes	2-4	Oral, injected			

Drugs/ CSA Schedules	Trade or Other Names	Medical Uses	Dependence		Tolerance	Duration (Hours)	Usual Methods of Administration	Possible Effects	Effects of Overdose	Withdrawal Syndrome
			Physical	Psychological						
HALLUCINOGENS LSD/I	Acid, Microdot, Green/Red Dragon	None	None	Unknown	Yes	8-12	Oral	Illusions and hallucinations, poor perception of time and distance, depression, violent behavior, anxiety; Large doses could result in convulsions, heart and lung failure	Longer and more intense "trip" episodes, psychosis, possible death	Withdrawal syndrome not reported
Mescaline & Peyote/I	Mesc, Buttons, Cactus, Mesc, Mex, Meco	None	None	Unknown	Yes	8-12	Oral			
Amphetamine Variants/I	2.5-DMA, PMA, STP, MDA, MDMA, TMA, DOM, DOB	None	Unknown	Unknown	Yes	Variable	Oral, injected			
Phencyclidine/II	PCP, Angel Dust, Hog, Love Boat	Vet Anesthetic	Unknown	High	Yes	Days	Smoked, oral, injected			
Phencyclidine Analogues/I	PCE, PCPy, TCP	None	Unknown	High	Yes	Days	Smoked, oral, injected			
Other Hallucinogens/I	Bufofenine, Ibogaine, DMT, DET, Psilocybin, Psilocyn	None	None	Unknown	Possible	Variable	Smoked, oral, injected, sniffed			
CANNABIS Marijuana/I	Pot, Acapulco Gold, Grass, Reefer, Sinsemilla, Thai Sticks	Under Investigation	Unknown	Moderate	Yes	2-4	Smoked, oral	Euphoria, relaxed inhibitions, increased appetite, disoriented behavior	Fatigue, paranoia, possible psychosis	Insomnia, hyperactivity, and decreased appetite occasionally reported
Tetrahydrocannabinol/ I, II	THC, Marinol	Cancer chemotherapy, antinauseant, anesthetic	Unknown	Moderate	Yes	2-4	Smoked, oral			
Hashish/I	Hash	None	Unknown	Moderate	Yes	2-4	Smoked, oral			
Hashish Oil/I	Hash Oil	None	Unknown	Moderate	Yes	2-4	Smoked, oral			
ALCOHOL Ethyl, Alcohol, Ethanol		None	Possible	Possible		1-4	Oral	Intoxication, sensory alteration, Anxiety reduction	Staggering, odor of alcohol on breath, loss of coordination, slurred speech, dilated pupils, nerve and liver damage	Sweating, numors, altered perception, psychosis, fear, auditory hallucinations

FEDERAL TRAFFICKING PENALTIES

Federal Trafficking Penalties for Schedules I, II, III, IV, and V (except Marijuana)				
Schedule	Substance/Quantity	Penalty	Substance/Quantity	Penalty
II	Cocaine 500-4999 grams mixture	First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs. and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than \$5 million if an individual, \$25 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than \$8 million if an individual, \$50 million if not an individual.	Cocaine 5 kilograms or more mixture	First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than \$10 million if an individual, \$50 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not less than 20 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than \$20 million if an individual, \$75 million if not an individual. 2 or More Prior Offenses: Life imprisonment. Fine of not more than \$20 million if an individual, \$75 million if not an individual.
II		Cocaine Base 28-279 grams mixture	Cocaine Base 280 grams or more mixture	
IV		Fentanyl 40-399 grams mixture	Fentanyl 400 grams or more mixture	
I		Fentanyl Analogue 10-99 grams mixture	Fentanyl Analogue 100 grams or more mixture	
I		Heroin 100-999 grams mixture	Heroin 1 kilogram or more mixture	
I		LSD 1-9 grams mixture	LSD 10 grams or more mixture	
II		Methamphetamine 5-49 grams pure or 50-499 grams mixture	Methamphetamine 50 grams or more pure or 500 grams or more mixture	
II		PCP 10-99 grams pure or 100-999 grams mixture	PCP 100 grams or more pure or 1 kilogram or more mixture	
Substance/Quantity		Penalty		
Any Amount Of Other Schedule I & II Substances		First Offense: Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than Life. Fine \$1 million if an individual, \$5 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 30 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine \$2 million if an individual, \$10 million if not an individual.		
Any Drug Product Containing Gamma Hydroxybutyric Acid Flunitrazepam (Schedule IV) 1 Gram				
Any Amount of Other Schedule III Drugs		First Offense: Not more than 10 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not more than 15 yrs. Fine not more than \$500,000 if an individual, \$2.5 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious injury, not more than 30 yrs. Fine not more than \$1 million if an individual, \$5 million if not an individual.		
Any Amount of All Other Schedule IV Drugs (other than one gram or more of Flunitrazepam)		First Offense: Not more than 5 yrs. Fine not more than \$250,000 if an individual, \$1 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 10 yrs. Fine not more than \$500,000 if an individual, \$2 million if other than an individual.		
Any Amount of All Schedule V Drugs		First Offense: Not more than 1 yr. Fine not more than \$100,000 if an individual, \$250,000 if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 4 yrs. Fine not more than \$200,000 if an individual, \$500,000 if not an individual.		